

For more information:



Guía de Isora Path Network



SL TF-206 El JaraI Guía de Isora

HOW TO GET THERE

By car from Guía de Isora taking the TF-82 to the district of El JaraI.

| Marks on the path | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Type of path | Continuity of the path | Change in direction | Wrong direction |
| GR Footpath | | | |
| PR Short route | | | |
| SL Local path | | | |

Marcas registradas por la FEDNE



PR-TF 69 Chío-Vera de Erques
Along this path we can observe numerous plots devoted to traditional agriculture, such as vineyards and some isolated houses. A visit to the rural settlement of Chirche is a must as it has been declared a Site of Cultural Interest, as well as the hamlet of Las Fuentes.



PR-TF 70.3 Boca Tauce - Refugio de Chasogo
The landscape along this path is mainly volcanic badlands and interesting volcanic morphologies. You will observe former threshing floors (eras) built on pahoehoe lava, known as the Era de la Fajana de Charagueche and the Era de los Guanches.



PR-TF 69.1 Chiguerque-Chasogo
Most notable along this route is the impressive area of ropy lava, pahoehoe flows and lava tubes. This path leads to the recreational area of Los Arenales (recreational area in Chío).



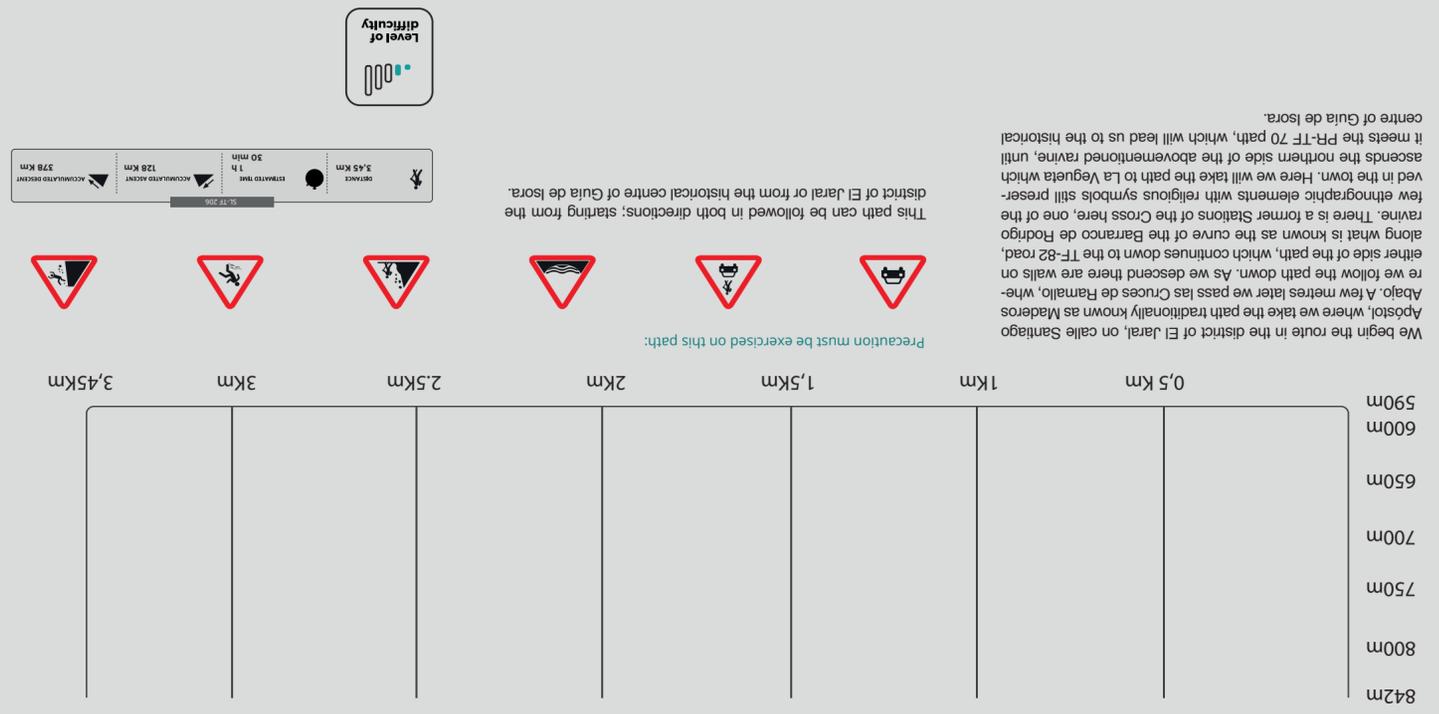
SL 201 Chío-Arguayo
Along this path we will see traditional agricultural plots with low dry stone walls, and we will enjoy panoramic views of the western side of the town. In this area of volcanic badlands, the main vegetation consists of aeoniums and isolated pine trees.



PR TF 70.1 Boca Tauce - El JaraI
This route offers spectacular panoramic views of the town, and especially of the Barranco de Tágara ravine. There are different ethnographic elements along the path.



SL 203 Chío-Arenales
The route begins by crossing a pine forest growing on recent basaltic lava flows and passes through a very homogeneous area with small lapilli fields and volcanic badlands. There is a recreational area here and a zone for camping.



OUR PATH NETWORK



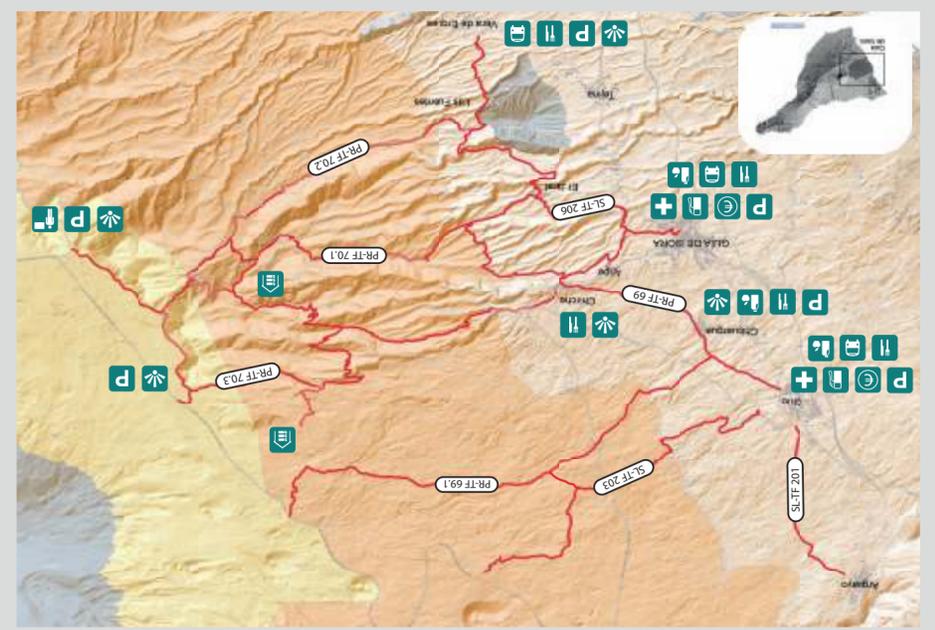
PR-TF 70.2 Boca Tauce - Las Fuentes
This route provides impressive panoramic views of the mountains of Isora, and even out as far as the islands of La Gomera, La Palma and El Hierro. We will find endemic species such as tagasaste and (codesos), and we will visit the hamlet of Las Fuentes.

- Look after your safety**
Wear suitable walking boots or shoes for the difficulty of the route.
Do not forget to carry a raincoat and a hat to protect yourself from the sun.
Make sure you have enough water and food for the duration of the walk.
Remember that there is not always mobile phone coverage in natural areas, but it is advisable to carry a mobile phone. Check that it is fully charged before leaving.
Risks increase if it rains or there are strong winds. Stay informed of the weather forecast.

For the attention of citizens **901 501 901**

- Preserve the environment**
Keep the path clean and take your rubbish with you.
Take great caution with cigarette butts. They can cause fires.
Bear in mind that we are in fragile natural areas. Do not pick or take plants or any other elements.
Avoid creating noise. Respect the environment.
To preserve the landscape, do not leave the marked paths.

- Plan your route**
Avail of the help of guides, maps and people with adequate walking experience (for example, from walking clubs and associations, tourist information offices and accommodation providers).
Obtain information about distances, difficulty level and the estimated time needed to complete the route, as well as any possible risks that could occur.
Gauge your physical ability to complete the route according to its technical characteristics: accumulated ascent and descent, duration...
Consult the weather forecast.
Tell your friends or relatives about the route you plan on doing and where it is.
If you are walking with children or larger groups remember that you will need a lot more time.



EMERGENCIAS | EMERGENCY 112



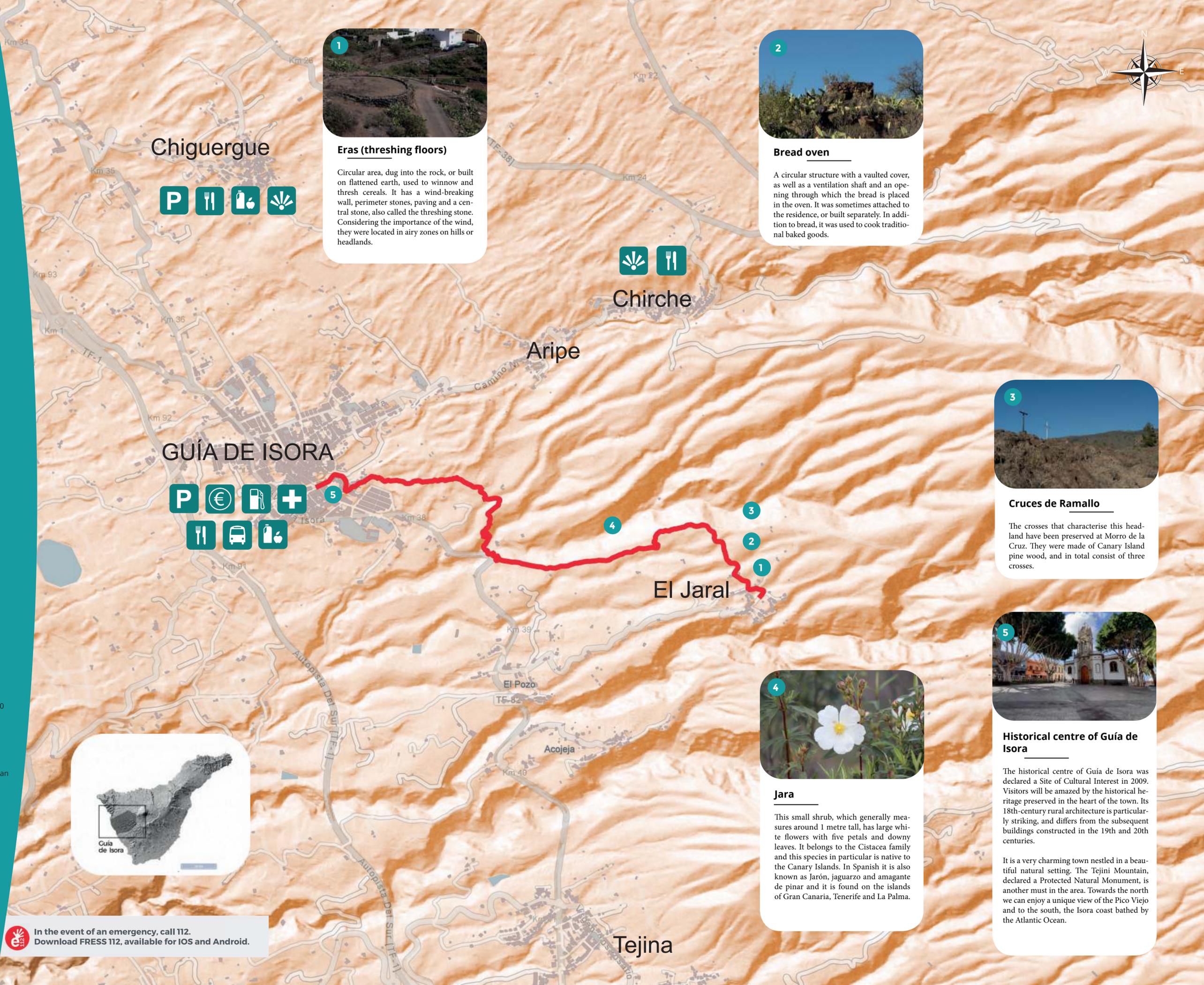
El Jaral - Guía de Isora

Guía de Isora Path Network

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Eras (threshing floors)

Circular area, dug into the rock, or built on flattened earth, used to winnow and thresh cereals. It has a wind-breaking wall, perimeter stones, paving and a central stone, also called the threshing stone. Considering the importance of the wind, they were located in airy zones on hills or headlands.



Bread oven

A circular structure with a vaulted cover, as well as a ventilation shaft and an opening through which the bread is placed in the oven. It was sometimes attached to the residence, or built separately. In addition to bread, it was used to cook traditional baked goods.



Cruces de Ramallo

The crosses that characterise this headland have been preserved at Morro de la Cruz. They were made of Canary Island pine wood, and in total consist of three crosses.



Historical centre of Guía de Isora

The historical centre of Guía de Isora was declared a Site of Cultural Interest in 2009. Visitors will be amazed by the historical heritage preserved in the heart of the town. Its 18th-century rural architecture is particularly striking, and differs from the subsequent buildings constructed in the 19th and 20th centuries.

It is a very charming town nestled in a beautiful natural setting. The Tejini Mountain, declared a Protected Natural Monument, is another must in the area. Towards the north we can enjoy a unique view of the Pico Viejo and to the south, the Isora coast bathed by the Atlantic Ocean.



Jara

This small shrub, which generally measures around 1 metre tall, has large white flowers with five petals and downy leaves. It belongs to the Cistacea family and this species in particular is native to the Canary Islands. In Spanish it is also known as Jarón, jaguarzo and amagante de pinar and it is found on the islands of Gran Canaria, Tenerife and La Palma.



In the event of an emergency, call 112.
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